The City of Fort Pierce shall regulate land uses to maintain and protect its traditional Florida small-town character by embracing its rich heritage, diverse cultural and community assets, and natural resources through the 2030 planning horizon.

## **FUTURE LAND USES**

## 1.1 Objective:

The City shall adopt and implement the Future Land Use Map to designate future land uses that regulate uses, densities and intensities that enhance its neighborhoods and districts, stimulate tourism and the local economy, and are compatible with its small-town character.

## 1.1.1 Policy:

Land use shall be regulated by the adopted Future Land Use Map. (GOP Map 1-1).

## 1.1.2 Policy:

Gross site density and intensity of the individual Future Land Use designations depicted under Policy 1.1.1 are described in GOP Table 1-1. Within each Future Land Use Category one or more zoning districts may be permitted as set forth in the Land Development Regulations, provided that the density or intensity authorizations of the particular zoning district does not exceed general limitations set forth in GOP Table 1-1.

GOP Table 1-1: Future Land Use Density/Intensity Summary Table

Land Use Category	Residential Density (dwelling units per gross acre)*(Also refer density bonus outlined in Policy 1.1.5)*	Non-Residential Floor Area Ratio (FAR)*	Land Use Breakdown
RESIDENTIAL			
Low Density Residential (RL)	1-6.5 du/ac	-	
Hutchinson Island Residential (HIR)	8 du/ac	-	
Medium Density Residential (RM)	6.5-12 du/ac	-	
High Density Residential (RH)	12-18 du/ac	-	
COMMERCIAL			
Boundary Commercial (BC)	N/A	1.0	N/A
Neighborhood Commercial (NC)	10du/ac	0.5	Residential uses may comprise up to 20% of the total floor area of the Neighborhood Commercial future land use designation.
General Commercial (GC)	15 du/ac	1.0	Residential uses may comprise up to 20% of the total floor area of the General Commercial future land use designation.

Sec. 125-189. - E-2 Residential single-family—two units per acre.

- (a) Purpose. This classification is primarily intended to provide for areas of single-family dwellings with an average net density of less than two units per acre for conventional developments. Regulations for the district are designed to promote sound neighborhoods and accommodate compatible nonresidential uses. Water and sewer service should be available.
- (b) Basic use standards. Uses in an E-2 zone, except innovative residential developments, must meet the requirements of this section. More restrictive requirements, set forth in accordance with other provisions of this chapter, must be satisfied by some conditional uses.
  - (1) Lot size.
    - a. The minimum lot area for single-family dwellings shall be 15,000 square feet.
    - b. The minimum lot width shall be 100 feet.
    - c. The minimum lot depth shall be 110 feet.
  - (2) Yards.
    - a. The minimum depth of the front yard will be 25 feet.
    - b. The minimum depth of the side yards shall be ten feet, except on corner lots the minimum side yard depth on a street side will be 20 feet.
    - c. The minimum depth of the rear yard shall be 20 feet for a distance equal to 30 percent of the length of a line which is parallel to the rear lot line, is 20 feet from the rear lot line and extends to the closest property lines. The minimum depth of the rear yard for the remainder of the lot will be seven feet, except on double-frontage and waterfront lots it shall be 20 feet.
  - (3) Lot coverage. Buildings will not cover more than 25 percent of the lot.
  - (4) Building heights. No building shall exceed a height of 35 feet above grade.
- (c) Other applicable use standards.
  - (1) Accessory buildings shall comply with all yard, lot coverage and building height requirements of this chapter, except that buildings not on double-frontage lots may be in the rear yard if they are at least seven feet from the rear lot line.
  - (2) On any lot used for residential purposes, no more than one residential building will be allowed on the lot, except one building without kitchen facilities may be allowed as a guest house, provided that the lot on which such guest house is located is 30,000 square feet or more in size.
  - (3) Every lot shall abut a street other than an alley for at least 25 feet, except the minimum frontage for a lot on a cul-de-sac shall be 15 feet.
  - (4) Materials or objects which would detract from the open space character of an uncovered or unenclosed area will not be permitted in such an area.
    - (5) All uses will comply with applicable access, parking and loading standards sections\_ 125-315 and 125-316.
  - (6) Conditional uses will meet the requirements in sections 125-235 through 125-247.
  - (7) Signs will comply with standards referred to in section 125-310.
  - (8) All other applicable ordinance requirements will also be satisfied.

- (a) Purpose. The CP-I district is established for the purpose of providing space for large lot development along principal vehicular approaches into the city. This is a mixed use district which should provide for certain types of office, commercial, and industrial operations which are typically characterized by a business park setting. This district may function as a transition zone between commercial/light industrial activities and uses which may be sensitive to nuisance such as residential land uses.
- (b) Basic use standards. Uses in a CP-1 zone must meet the requirements of this section. More restrictive requirements, set forth in accordance with other provisions of this chapter, must be satisfied by some conditional uses.
  - (1) Lot size.
    - a. The minimum lot area shall be 20,000 square feet.
    - b. The minimum lot width shall be 100 feet.
    - c. The minimum lot depth shall be 100 feet.
  - (2) Yards.
    - a. The minimum depth of the front yard shall be 25 feet.
    - b. The minimum depth of the rear yard shall be 20 feet.
    - c. The minimum depth of the side yard shall be ten feet, except on corner lots the minimum side yard depth on a street side will be 20 feet.
  - (3) Lot coverage. Buildings will not cover more than 60 percent of the lot area.
  - (4) Building heights. No building shall exceed a height of 65 feet above grade.
- (c) Open space standards.
  - (1) A minimum of 20 percent of the gross area of land to be devoted to a commercial parkway development must be reserved for use as parks, recreation areas, marinas, open space, planting, or other public purposes other than rights-of-way, utility easements, and parking areas. At the request of the developer and subject to the approval of the city commission, use of recreational facilities may be offered to the general public. Areas that are natural or manmade floodways, lakes, and stormwater retention areas maybe also be used to satisfy the total open space requirement.
- (2) All land dedicated for open space shall be under the legal control of the developer.
  - (d) Other applicable use standards.
    - (1) Site plan review shall be required as outlined in section 125-313.
    - (2) Accessory buildings shall comply with all yard, lot coverage & building height requirements of this chapter.
    - (3) Every lot shall abut a street other than an alley for at least 60 feet.
    - (4) Materials or objects which would detract from the open space character of an uncovered or unenclosed area will not be permitted in such an area.
    - (5) All uses will comply with applicable access, parking and loading standards in sections 125-315 & 125-316.
    - (6) Conditional uses will meet the requirements in sections 125-235 through 125-247.
    - (7) Signs will comply with standards referred to in section 125-310.
    - (8) All other applicable ordinance requirements will also be satisfied.